

DE-CIX *Blackholing Service*

How to mitigate effects
of Distributed Denial of Service
(DDoS) attacks



What is Blackholing?

- Blackholing effectively means diverting the flow of data to a specific IP next-hop (Blackhole), where the traffic is then discarded
- As a result no traffic reaches the original destination, meaning peering links, networks, and hosts located within the blackholed prefix are protected
- Therefore Blackholing is an effective way of mitigating the effects of Distributed Denial of Service (DDoS) attacks

How does the *Blackholing* service work?

→ *Default case – Blackholing is not used*

- Customers advertise their IP prefix(es) with the next-hop IP of their advertising router. DE-CIX Route Servers accept the following prefix lengths:
 - IPv4: $/8 \leq \text{prefix length} \leq /24$
 - IPv6: $/19 \leq \text{prefix length} \leq /48$

→ *Blackholing case: To protect against a massive DDoS attack*

- Customers advertise their IP prefix(es) tagged with the BGP BLACKHOLE Community (65535:666). Accepted prefix lengths are:
 - IPv4: $/8 \leq \text{prefix length} \leq /32$ (if and only if BLACKHOLE is set)
 - IPv6: $/19 \leq \text{prefix length} \leq /128$ (if and only if BLACKHOLE is set)
- Prefix validation (RIR filtering) is applied as usual, to prevent unauthorized Blackholing

How does the Blackholing service work?

- L2 filtering
 - If the BGP BLACKHOLE Community is set, the DE-CIX Route Servers rewrite the next-hop of the advertised IP prefix(es) to the address of the Blackhole next-hop (BN)
 - BNs has a unique MAC address (determined by ARP/NDP)
 - All frames with destination MAC address belonging to the BN are ingress filtered by a L2 ACL applied on all customer ports of the switching platform
- As a result, all traffic to the blackholed IP prefix(es) is discarded on the switching infrastructure already, hence the victim's resources are protected

DE-CIX's Blackholing service is available at:



Example



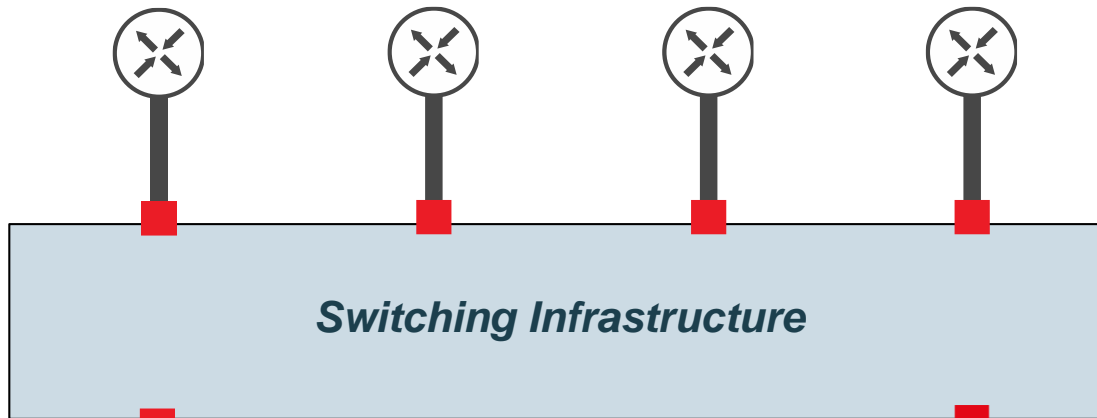
Where networks meet

www.de-cix.net

Default case – Blackholing is not used

- AS 64511 announces IP prefixes
 - directly to other peers (here AS 64501)
 - via the Route Servers, which re-distribute the prefixes to other peers
 - Other ASs also peering with the Route Servers:
 - AS 64502, AS 64503, AS 64504
- The other ASs learn the BGP next-hop for the announced IP prefixes
 - IP prefix is chosen as best-path
- The corresponding next-hop MAC is learned via ARP/NDP

AS 64501 IP 198.51.100.1 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:01
AS 64502 IP 198.51.100.2 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:02
AS 64503 IP 198.51.100.3 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:03
AS 64504 IP 198.51.100.4 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:04

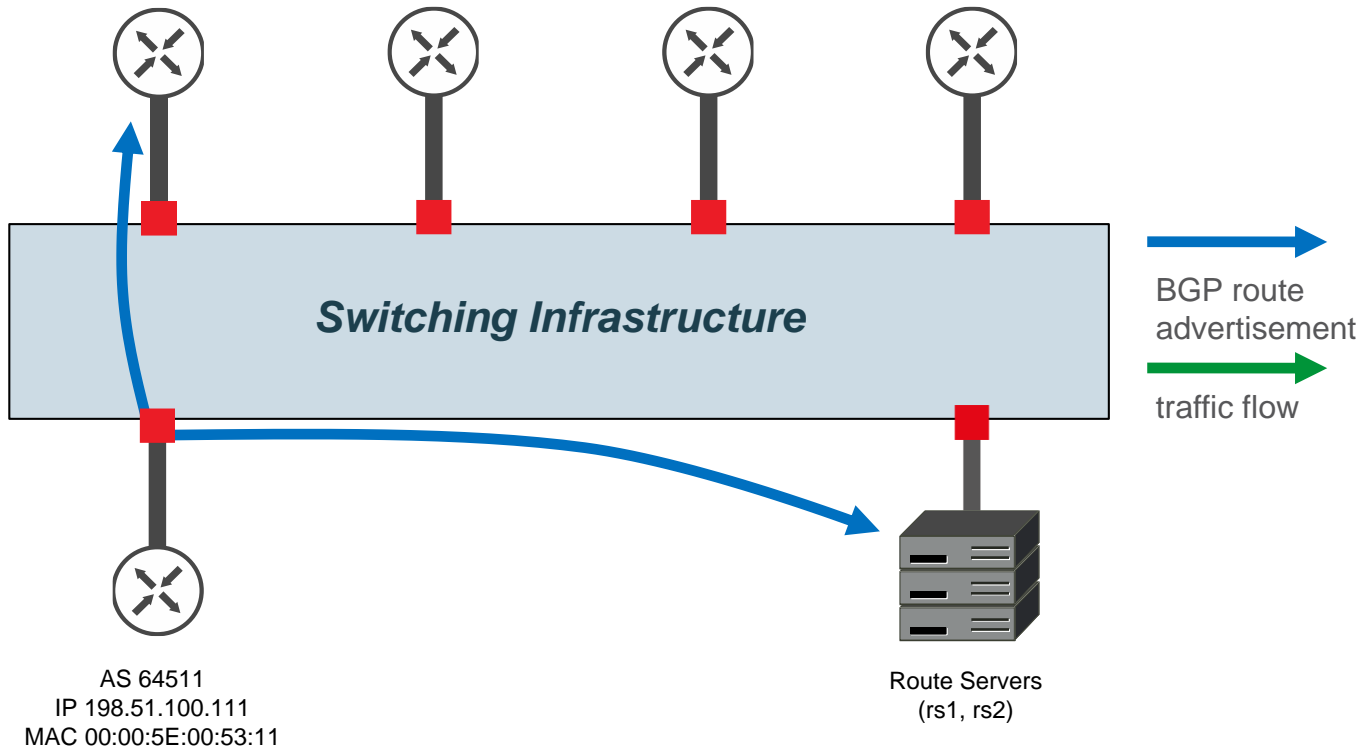


AS 64511
IP 198.51.100.111
MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:11

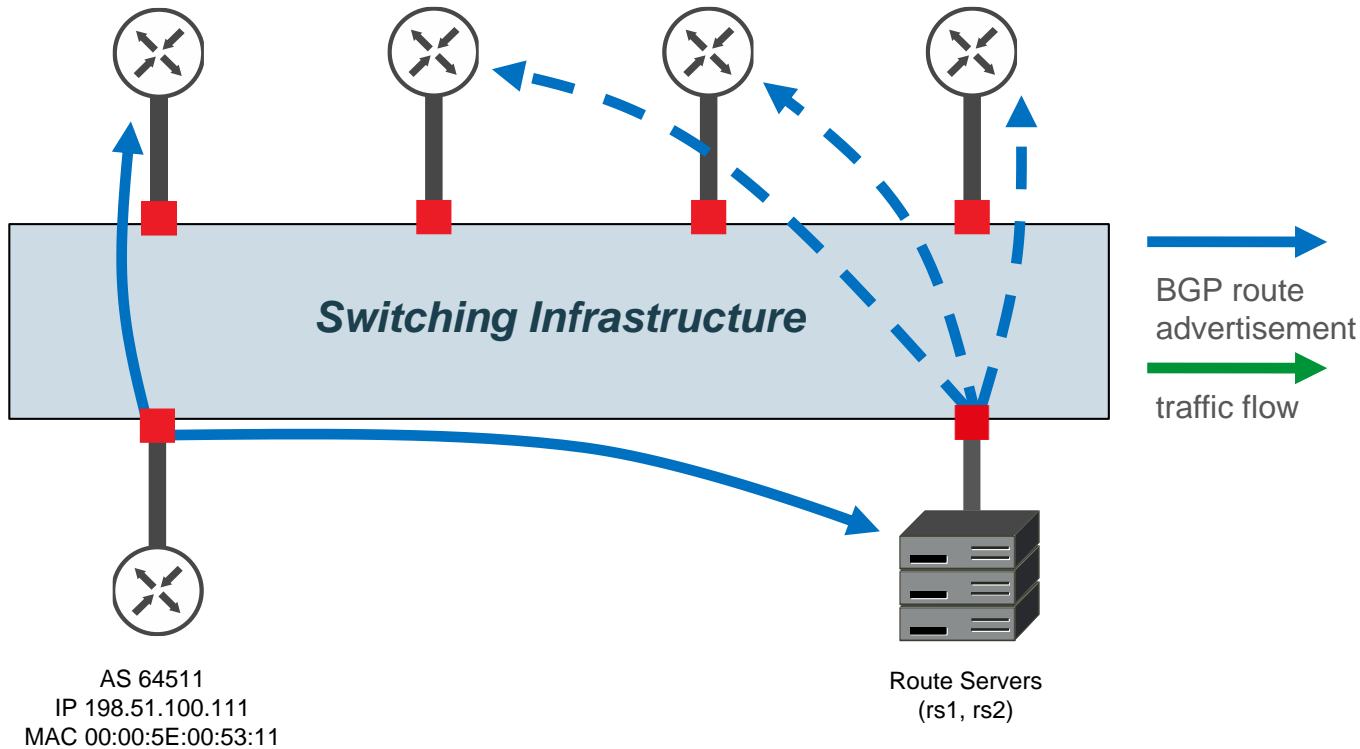
Route Servers
(rs1, rs2)



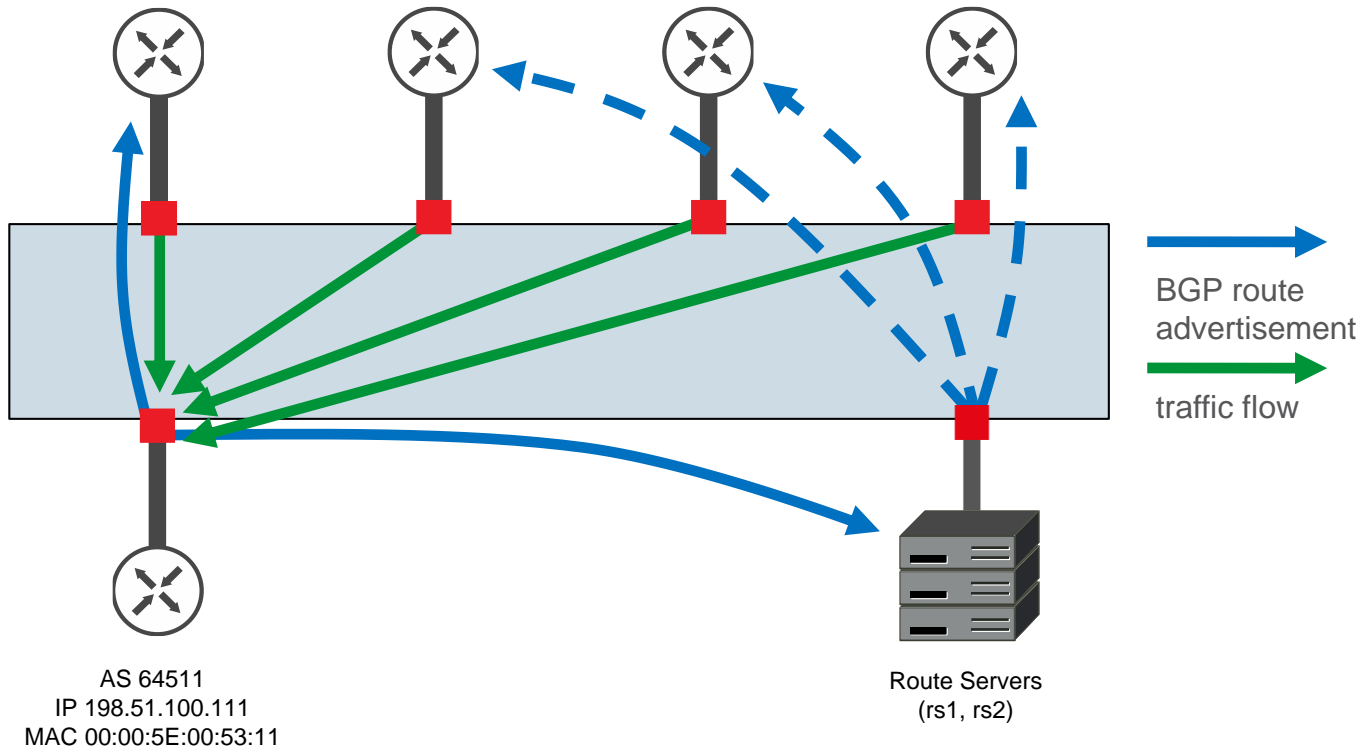
AS 64501 IP 198.51.100.1 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:01
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AS 64503 IP 198.51.100.3 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:03
AS 64504 IP 198.51.100.4 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:04



AS 64501 IP 198.51.100.1 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:01
AS 64502 IP 198.51.100.2 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:02
AS 64503 IP 198.51.100.3 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:03
AS 64504 IP 198.51.100.4 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:04



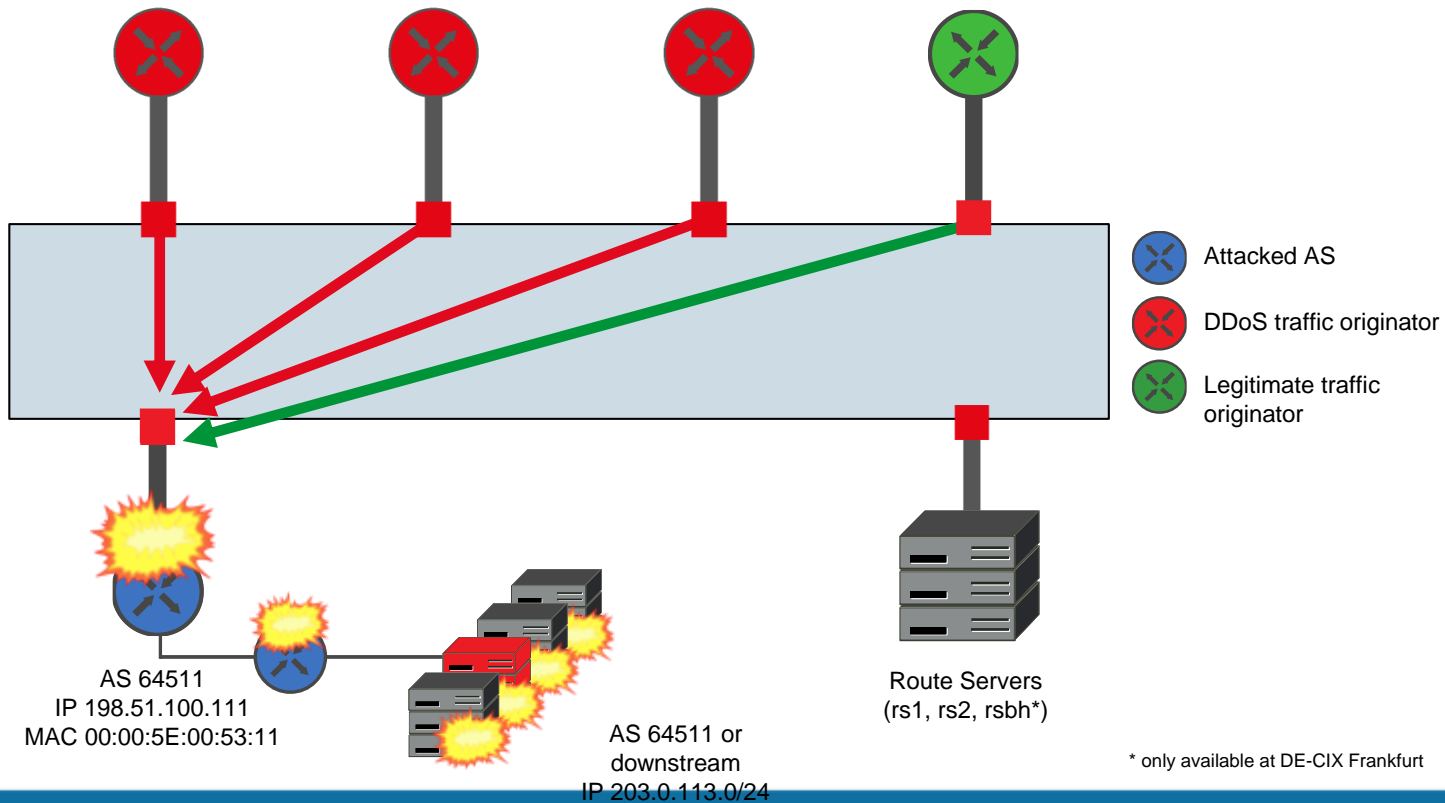
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AS 64503 IP 198.51.100.3 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:03
AS 64504 IP 198.51.100.4 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:04



Blackholing case: To protect against a massive DDoS attack

- A destination within the IP prefix 203.0.113.0/24 of AS 64511 is a target of a massive DDoS attack
- AS 64511 also announces other IP prefixes than the attacked one
- AS 64501, AS 64502 and AS 64503 originate traffic, which is part of the DDoS attack
- AS 64504 originates legitimate traffic
- AS 64501 directly peers with AS 64511
- AS 64502, AS 65403 and AS 64504 only see AS 64511's IP prefixes via the Route Servers

AS 64501 IP 198.51.100.1 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:01
 AS 64502 IP 198.51.100.2 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:02
 AS 64503 IP 198.51.100.3 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:03
 AS 64504 IP 198.51.100.4 MAC 00:00:5E:00:53:04



* only available at DE-CIX Frankfurt

Considerations

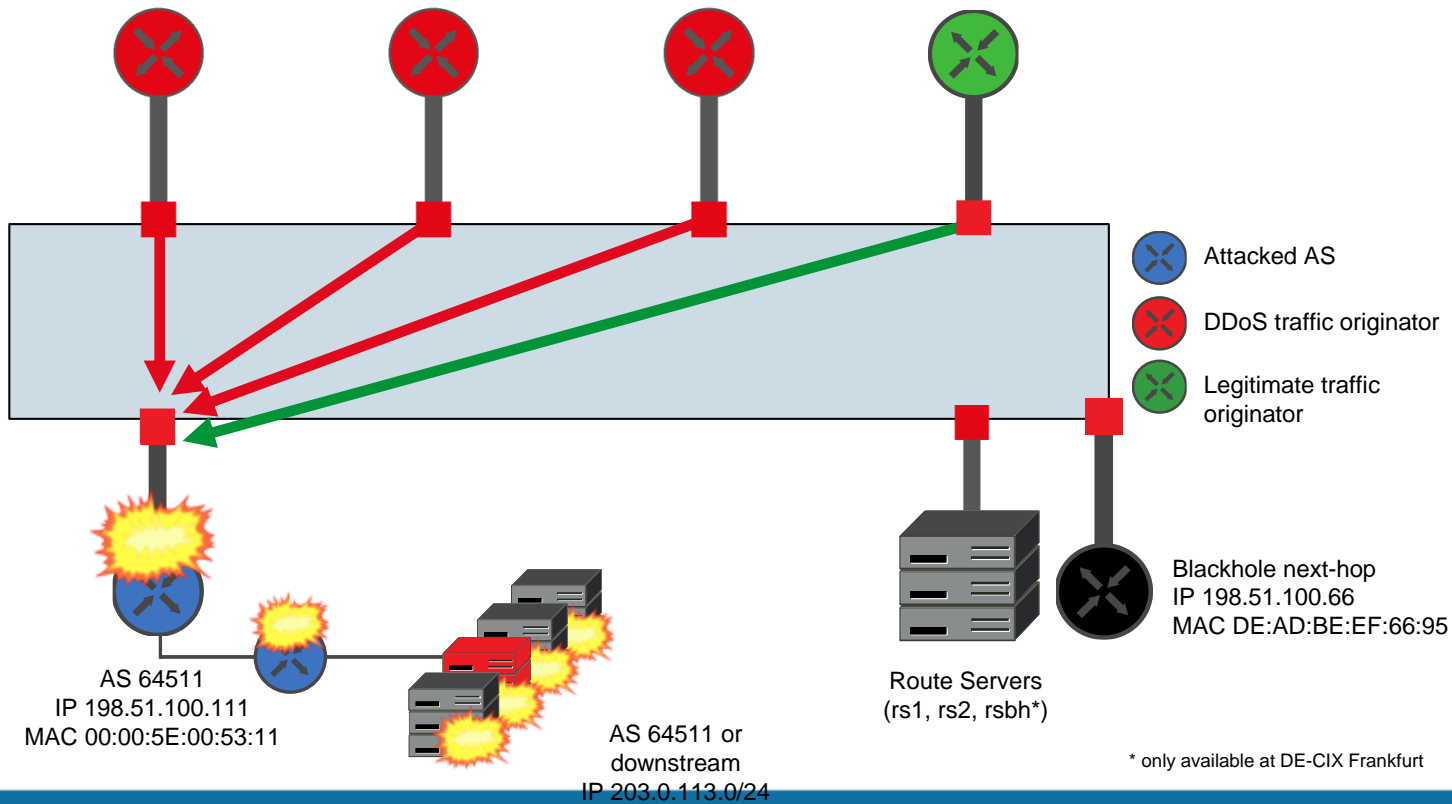
- The reachability of the attacked IP prefix (203.0.113.0/24) behind AS 64511 is limited as the peering link, the router and the network is congested
- Collateral damage on other resources (e.g. reachability of IP prefixes) might occur
- AS 64504 has a degraded reachability of 203.0.113.0/24, even it is not attacked directly

Solution: Blackholing

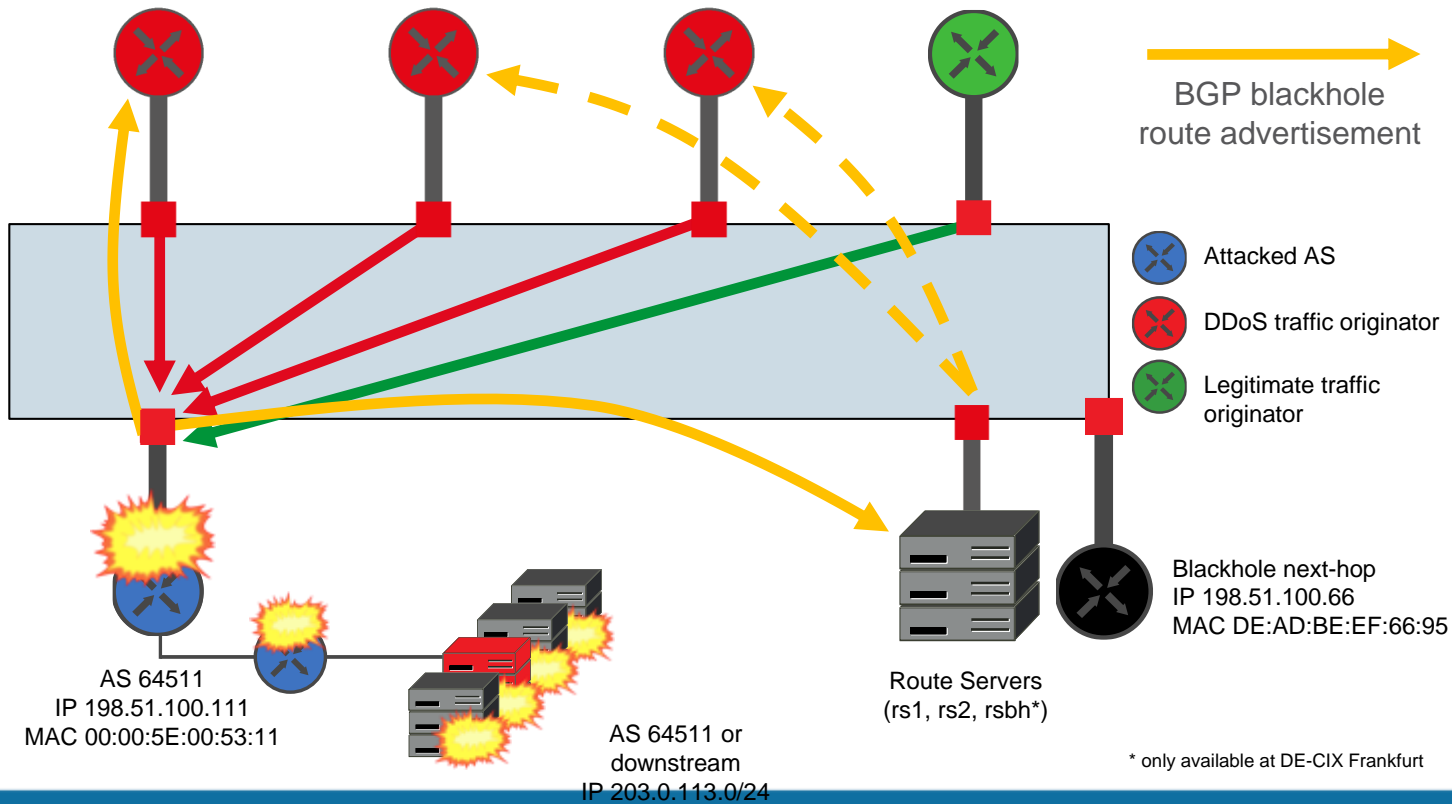
- AS 64511 announces the attacked IP prefix(es) to be blackholed by using the BGP BLACKHOLE Community (65535:666)
 - DE-CIX Route Server allow control over the re-distribution process of blackholed IP prefixes by utilizing BGP communities
 - Example: To order the Route Servers to advertise blackholed prefixes to all peers except AS 64504 the following BGP communities must be set: (6695:6695) (0:64504)
6695 is the ASN for DE-CIX Frankfurt and must be adjusted to the appropriate value for other DE-CIX locations
- DE-CIX provides ARP reply or NDP for BN's MAC
- All Frames with destination MAC address belonging to the BN are filtered within each local Apollon switch



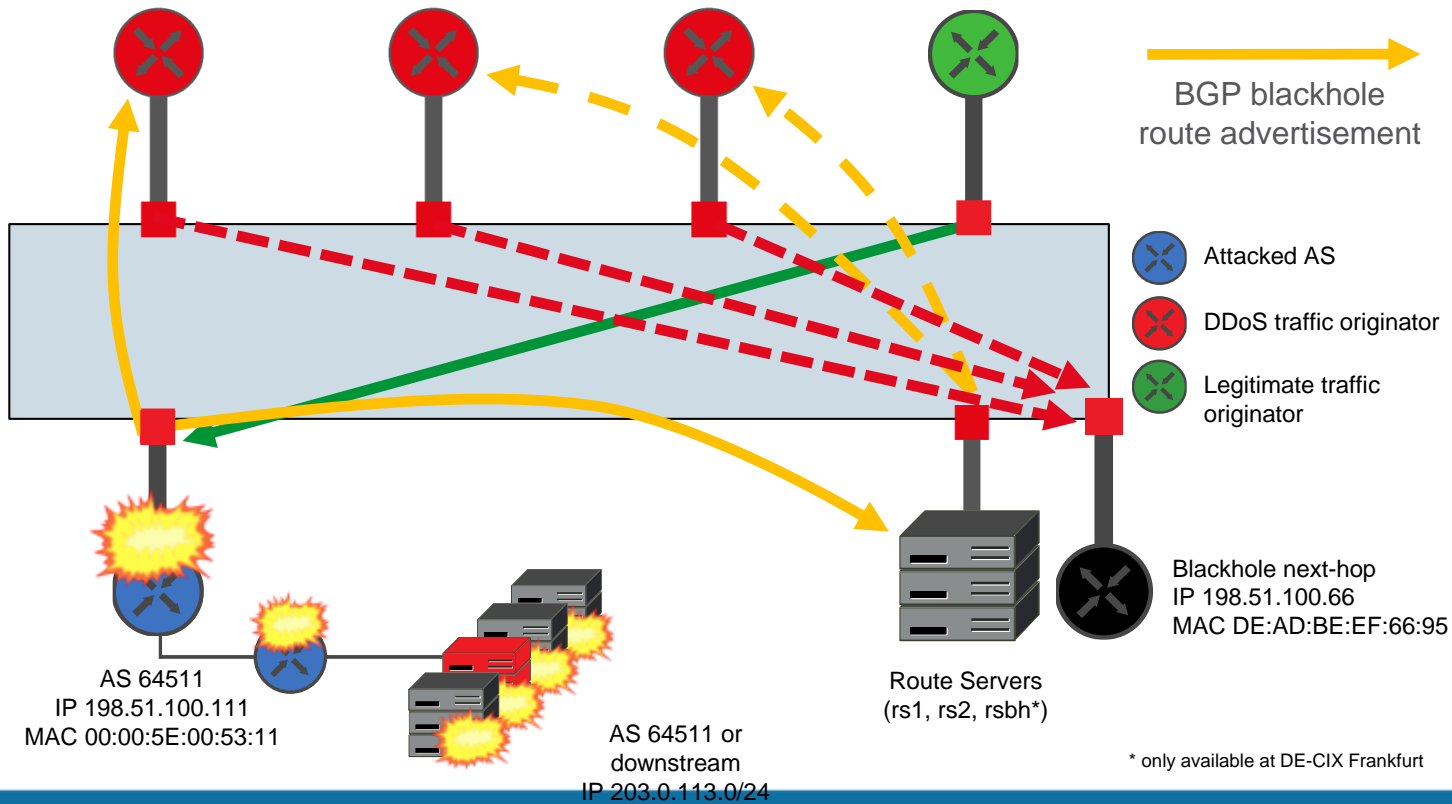
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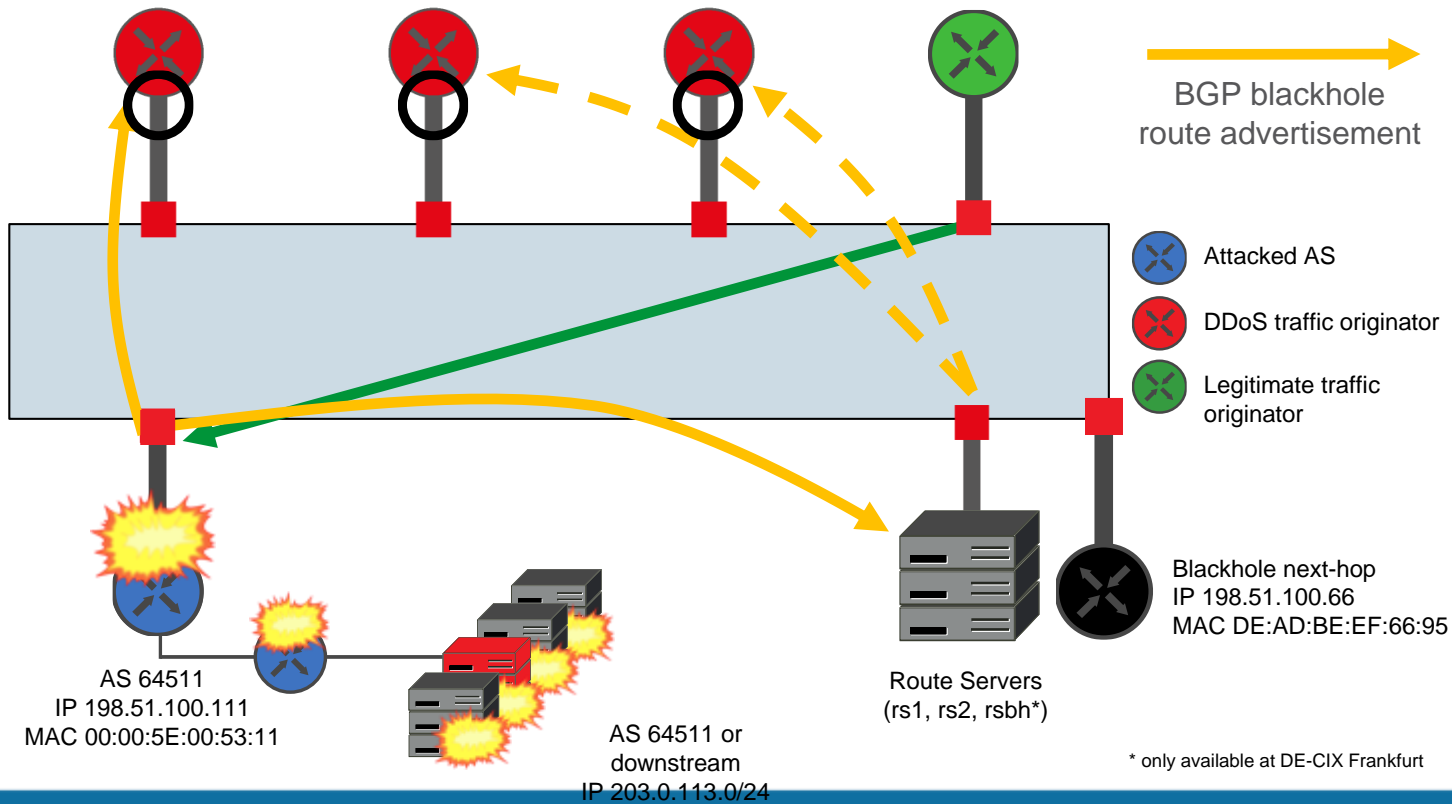


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* only available at DE-CIX Frankfurt

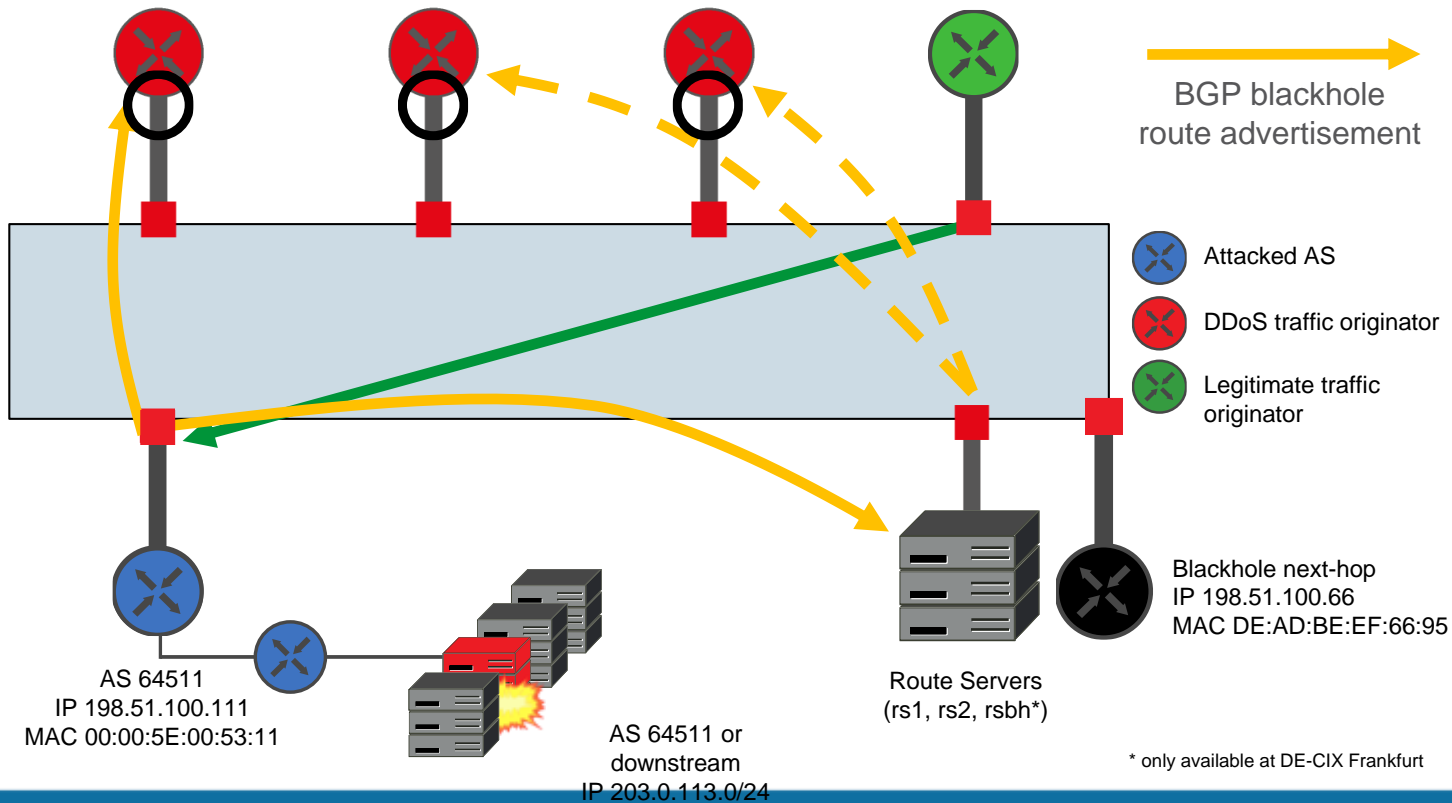
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Example summary

- AS 64511 selectively announces the attacked IP prefix with the BGP BLACKHOLE Community → (6695:6695) (0:64504)
- The Route Servers rewrite the BGP next-hop to the pre-defined IP of the Blackhole next-hop
- All peers which select this new IP prefix as best-path, learn the BN's MAC address via ARP/ND provided by DE-CIX
- Traffic destined to the BN's MAC is dropped ingress via L2 ACL
- AS 64511 has a chance to selectively blackhole traffic

DE-CIX FRA: Advertise to which route server?

- In addition to rs1 and rs2, there's a Route Server dedicated to Blackholing announcements (rsbh) available at DE-CIX Frankfurt
- All Route Servers (rs1, rs2, rsbh) support
 - Blackholing of IP prefixes with BGP BLACKHOLE Community set
 - Exporting those IP prefixes with Blackhole next-hop and the well-known BGP community NO-EXPORT and BLACKHOLE
- Benefits of using the Blackholing Route Server
 - All your blackholed prefixes on one session; no need to modify your sessions to rs1/rs2 (alter prefix lists, route maps, etc)
 - No need to accept > /24 or > /48 on your existing sessions to rs1/rs2 (just on the one to the Blackholing Route Server)
- Recommended usage: Advertise prefixes to be blackholed only to rsbh
 - We require you to set the BGP BLACKHOLE Community on rsbh as well, otherwise the IP prefixes are not accepted by rsbh
- You'll receive blackholed prefixes advertised to rs1/rs2 only from the blackholing Route Server as well (and vice versa)



Important notes

- Traffic from all of your peers to the blackholed IP prefix(es) is discarded
 - Including the legitimate traffic
 - Solution: Advertise the prefix(es) to be blackholed only to certain ASNs (which are originating DDoS traffic) by using the appropriate DE-CIX Route Server control BGP communities

- Traffic towards all hosts within the blackholed IP prefix is discarded
 - Including any hosts not under DDoS attack
 - Solution: You can blackhole prefixes as specific as /32 (IPv4) or /128 (IPv6)



A person is holding a globe of the Earth in front of a wall covered in newspaper clippings. The globe is the central focus, showing the continents of Europe and Africa. The person's hands are visible at the top and bottom of the globe. The background is a collage of various newspaper articles and photos, creating a textured, busy appearance.

Thank you!

Any questions? Contact us!



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